In the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A polyimide film obtainable by reacting an aromatic diamine having a benzoxazole structure with an aromatic tetracarbonic acid anhydride, which film has a planar orientation coefficient of 0.79-0.89 as measured by [[the]] an X-ray diffraction method[[,]] and a dielectric constant of 2.7-3.1 at 100 GHz as measured by a cavity resonance perturbation method.
- 2. (Original) The polyimide film of claim 1, having a dielectric loss tangent at 100 GHz of 0.0001-0.03 as measured by the cavity resonance perturbation method.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The polyimide film of claim 1 [[or 2]], having dielectric constants of 2.7-3.1 at 1 GHz and 2.6-3.0 at 100 GHz, as measured by the cavity resonance perturbation method.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The polyimide film of any of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, which has a density of 1.47 g/cm³ 1.55 g/cm³.
- 5. (Currently Amended) A polyimide film obtainable by reacting an aromatic diamine having a benzoxazole structure with an aromatic tetracarbonic acid anhydride, wherein the amount of water vaporized at a high temperature during heating at 500°C for 10 sec of the film immediately after helium purge at 170°C for 7 min and preliminary drying is not more than 5000 ppm.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The polyimide film of any of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, wherein the ratio ($\varepsilon_{65}/\varepsilon_D$) of the dielectric constant ε_{65} at 100 GHz of the film humidity-conditioned under [[the]] a constant temperature and humidity conditions of 20°C, 65% RH for 94 hr, as measured by [[a]] the cavity resonance perturbation method, to the dielectric constant εD at 100 GHz of the film vacuum dried under the conditions of 120°C, for 24 hr, as measured by [[a]] the cavity resonance perturbation method, is within the range of 1.00-1.10.

- 7. (Currently Amended) A polyimide film obtainable by reacting an aromatic diamine having a benzoxazole structure with an aromatic tetracarbonic acid anhydride, wherein the absolute value of the difference between [[the]] a surface planar orientation degree of one surface (surface A) and [[the]] a surface planar orientation degree of the other surface (surface B) of the film is 0-2.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The polyimide film of any of claims 1 to claim 7, wherein the surface planar orientation degree of [[a]] the film surface having a higher surface planar orientation degree is not more than 15.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The polyimide film of any-of claims 1 to 8 claim 7, which has a curling degree of 0%-5%.
 - 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Currently Amended) A base substrate for printed wiring assemblies, which comprises the polyimide film of any of claims claim 1 to 10.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method of producing a polyimide film, which comprises reacting an aromatic diamine with an aromatic tetracarbonic acid anhydride to give <u>a</u> polyamide acid, casting a solution thereof on a support and drying the solution and the like to give a self-supporting polyimide precursor film (green film) and polyimidating said precursor film, wherein the polyimide precursor film (green film) satisfies [[all]] the relationships shown by the following formulas between an imidation rate Aim of one surface side (surface A side) and an imidation rate Bim of the other surface side (surface B side) of the polyimide precursor film (green film) and said polyimide precursor film is subjected to imidation[[.]]:

formula 1[[;]]:
$$|Aim-Bim| \le 5$$

formula 2[[;]]: $0 \le Aim \le 15$
formula 3[[;]]: $0 \le Bim \le 15$.

13. (New) The polyimide film of claim 2, having dielectric constants of 2.7-3.1 at 1 GHz and 2.6-3.0 at 100 GHz, as measured by the cavity resonance perturbation method.

- 14. (New) The polyimide film of claim 2, which has a density of $1.47 \text{ g/cm}^3 1.55 \text{ g/cm}^3$.
- 15. (New) The polyimide film of claim 7, wherein the ratio ($\varepsilon_{65}/\varepsilon_D$) of the dielectric constant ε_{65} at 100 GHz of the film humidity-conditioned under a constant temperature and humidity conditions of 20°C, 65% RH for 94 hr, as measured by the cavity resonance perturbation method, to the dielectric constant εD at 100 GHz of the film vacuum dried under the conditions of 120°C, for 24 hr, as measured by the cavity resonance perturbation method, is within the range of 1.00-1.10.
 - 16. (New) The polyimide film of claim 8, which has a curling degree of 0%-5%.
- 17. (New) A base substrate for printed wiring assemblies, which comprises the polyimide film of claim 4.
- 18. (New) A base substrate for printed wiring assemblies, which comprises the polyimide film of claim 5.
- 19. (New) A base substrate for printed wiring assemblies, which comprises the polyimide film of claim 7.